

Centre for economic and regional studies HAS Institute of World Economics Budapest, March 10, 2016

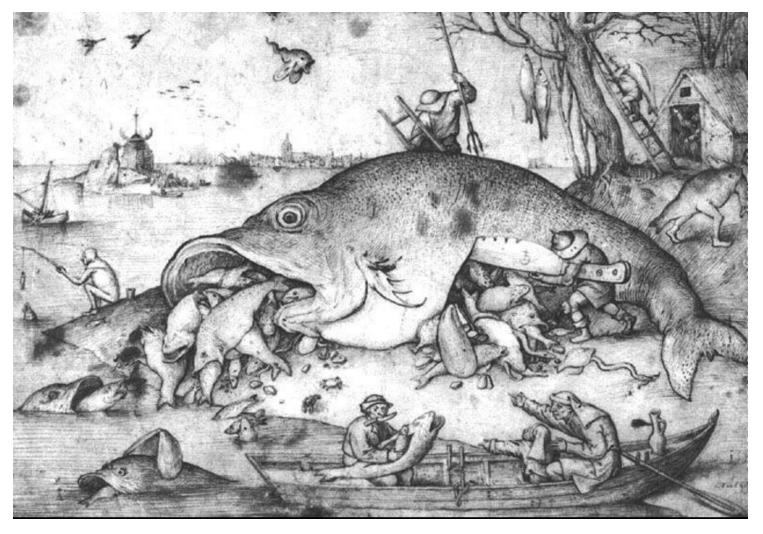


Oleg Buklemishev
Director of the Centre for Economic Policy Studies
Faculty of Economics, Lomonosov Moscow University

Illustrated by the works of Peter Bruegel the Elder

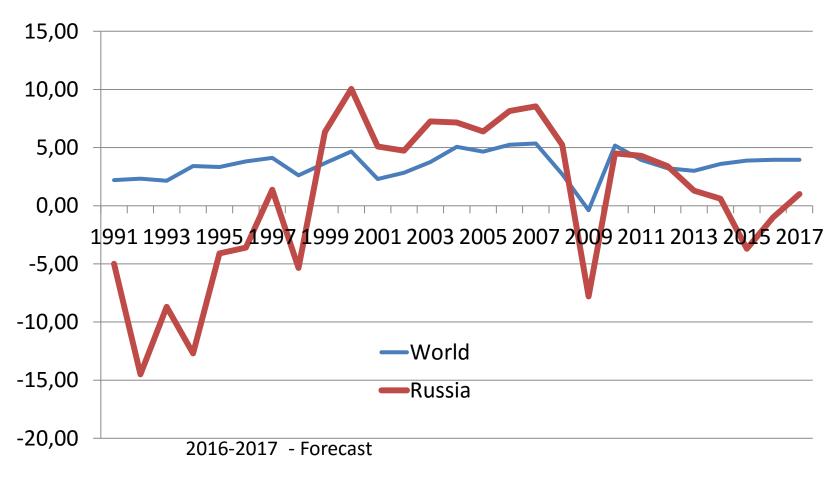


Russian economy in the global context



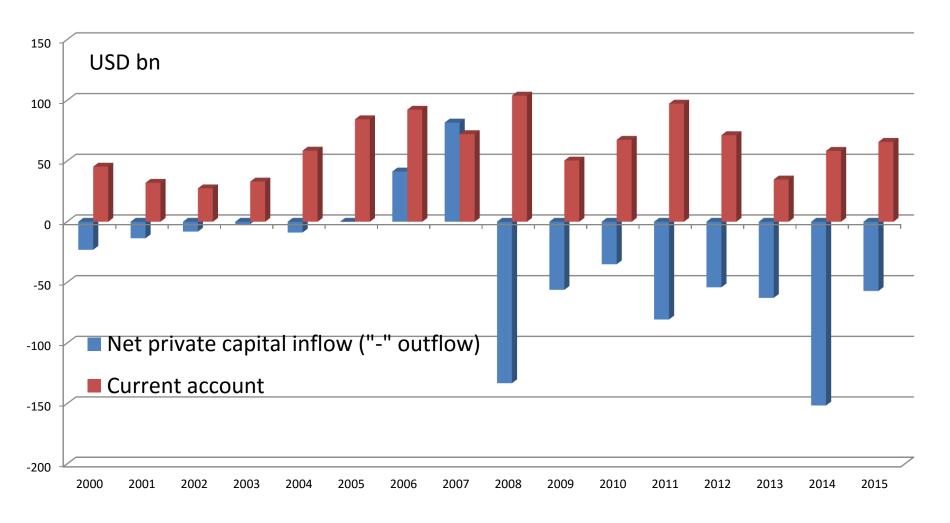
Big fishes eat small fishes. 1556. Albertina Gallery. Vienna

Three models-1



Sources: Rosstat, IMF

Three models-2



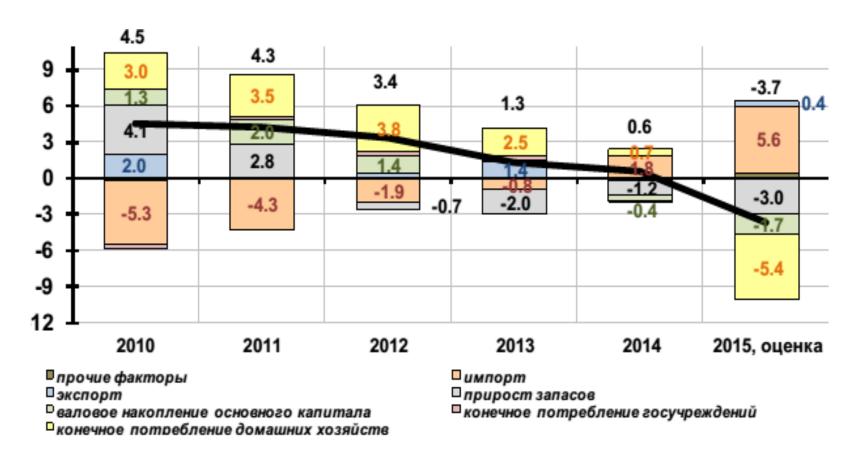
Source: Bank of Russia

«Investment pause» (IP)



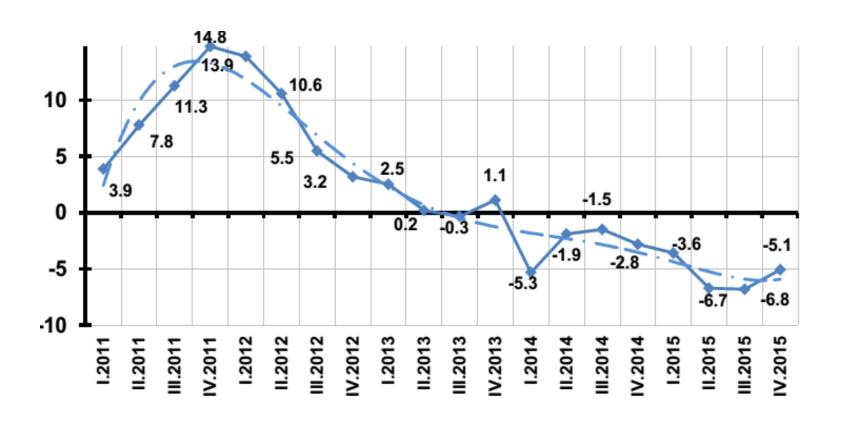
Land of Cockaigne, 1567, Alte Pinakothek, Munich

Decomposition of Russia's GDP growth, %GDP



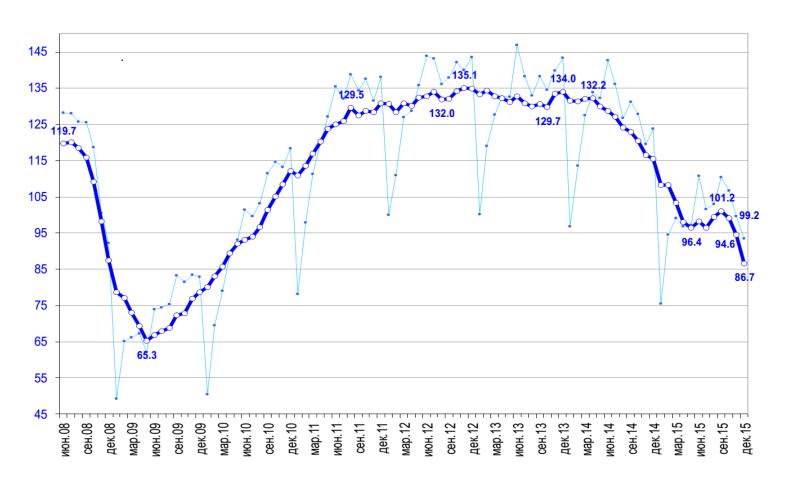
Source: CMASF

Change in fixed capital investment %, to the corresponding quarter of the previous year



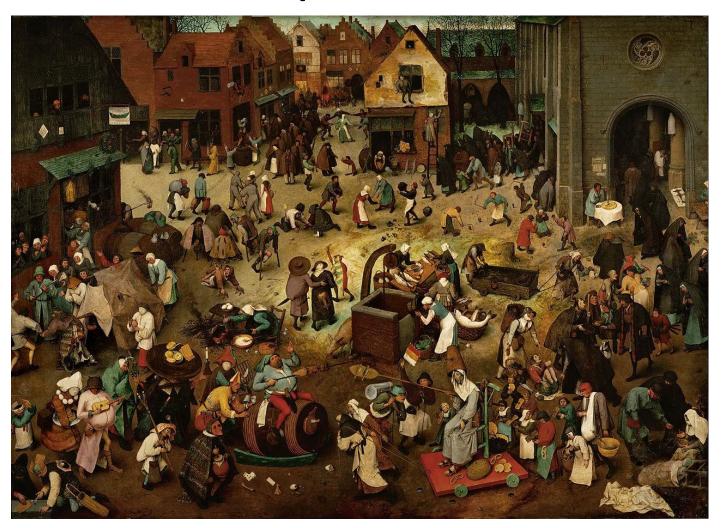
Source: CMASF

CMASF investment activity index (2007 monthly average =100%)



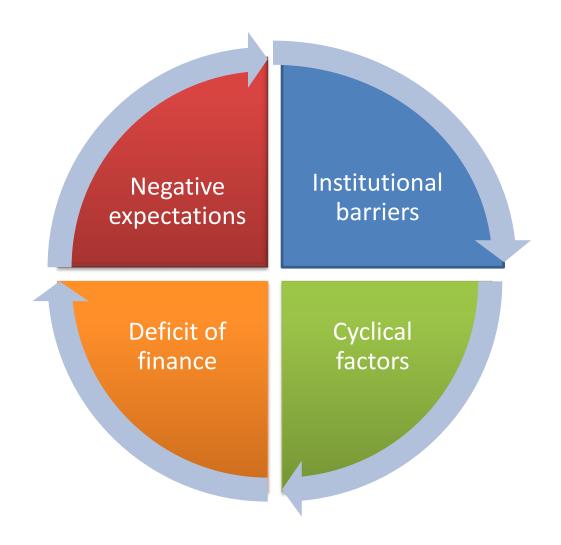
Source: CMASF

Possible explanations of the IP

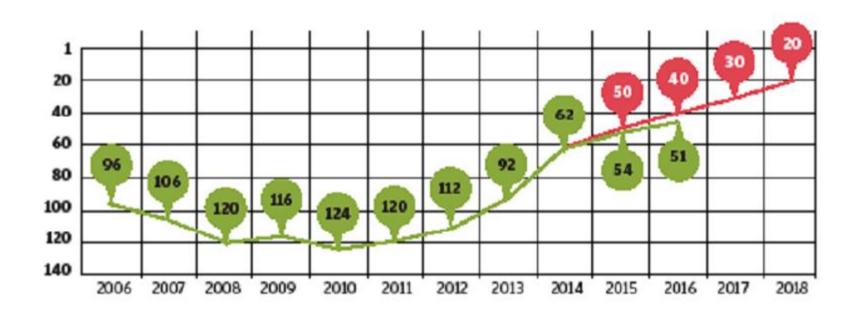


The fight between carnival and lent, 1559, Kunsthistorisches Museum, Vienna

The main factors behind IP

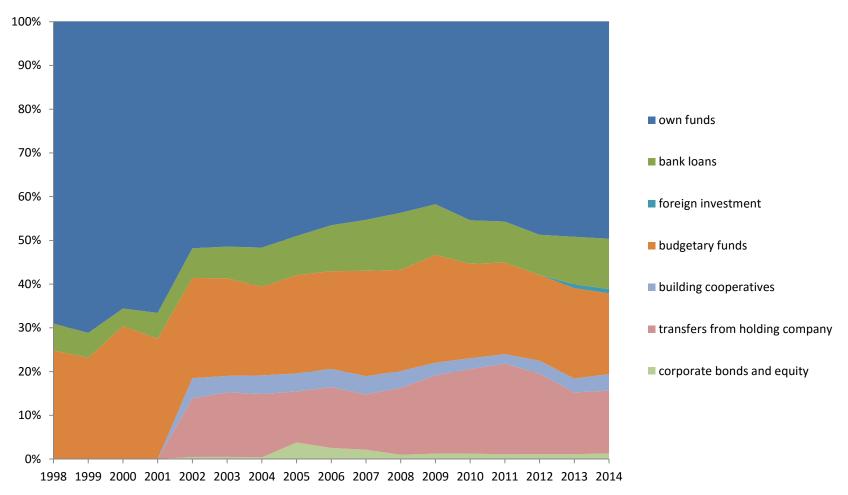


Russia's position in the Ease of Doing Business rating by the World Bank



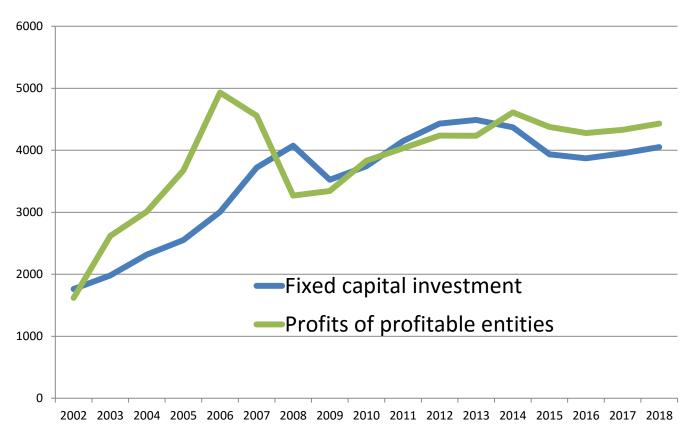
Sources: Ministry of Economic Development, World Bank

Composition of fixed asset investment, by source, %



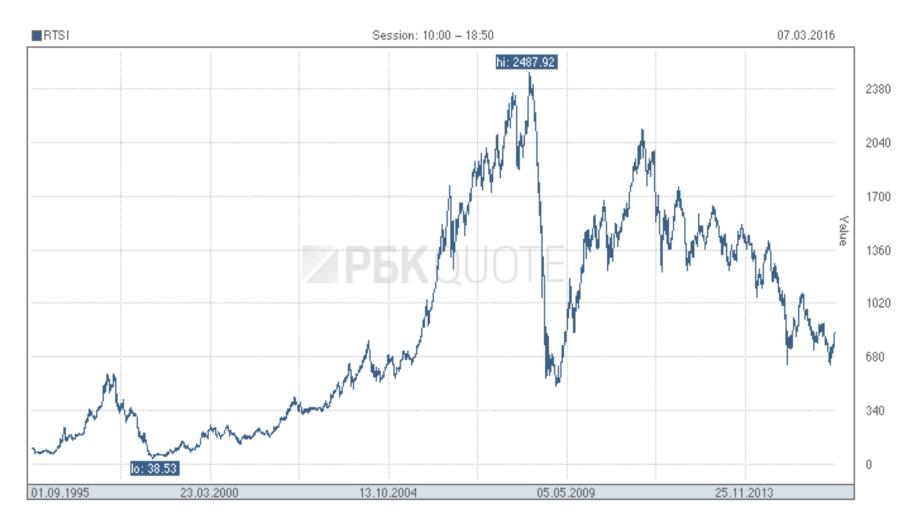
Source: Rosstat

Fixed capital investment and profits, bn. rub. (constant prices, 2002)



Source: Ministry for Economic Development

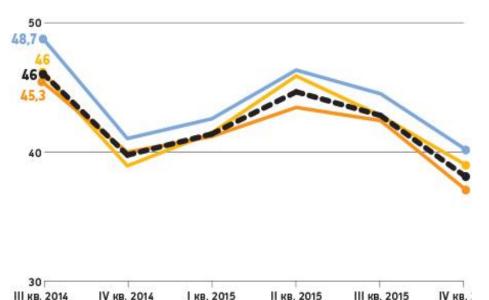
Business expectations-1



Source: Moscow Exchange

Business expectations-2

Russian Small Business Index



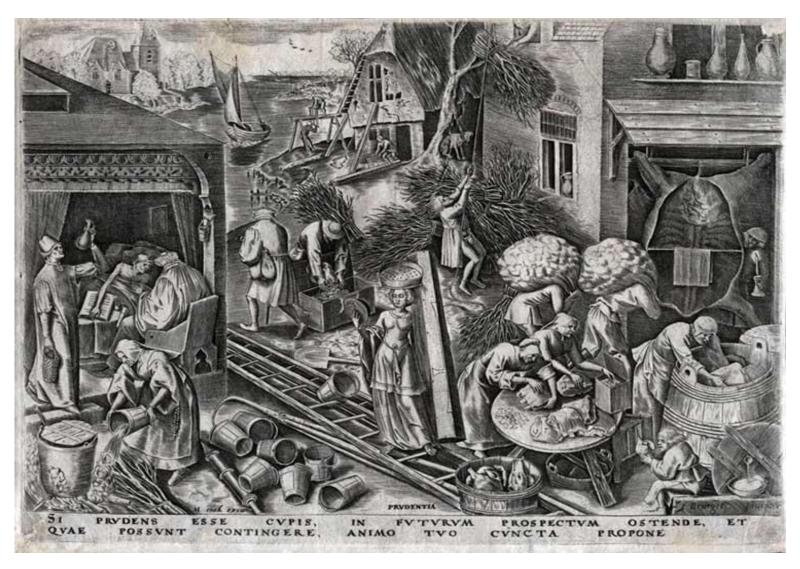
Aggregate PMI



Source: Markit

Sources: PSB Research, Magram Market Research

What can be done



The trinity approach



Köszönöm a figyelmet!

